

### Tourism in the Western Balkan 6

### Albania

21.2% GDP 22.2% jobs 48.2% exports +15.1% int. arrivals

### Bosnia and Herzegovina

9.3% GDP 9.6% jobs 13% exports +13.8% int. arrivals

### Kosovo\*

1.4% GDP 10% jobs N.A% exports +61.7% int. arrivals

### Montenegro

**32.1%** GDP 32.8% jobs 47.7% exports +20.8% int. arrivals

#### North Macedonia

6.2% GDP 6.6% jobs 4.9% exports +7.1% int. arrivals

#### Serbia

5.9% GDP 6.2% jobs 7% exports +8% int. arrivals

Source: WTTC, 2020; KAS, 2020; Horwath HTL, 2020



### Can the Western Balkan make efforts to establish the travel corridors for seamless tourism

- Strong domestic and intra-regional travelers;
- Regional and transnational routes that promote active mobility modes, such as cycling and hiking, and encouraging longer stays;
- Adriatic-Ionian and Danube EU Macro regions contain regional routes that connects naturally the area:
  - Via Dinarica;
  - Peaks of the Balkans;
  - Scardus Trail;
  - Illyricum Trail;
  - Balkan Monumental Trail; etc
- Shared and living cultural heritage of Cultural Routes of Council of Europe > 10 routes in WB (Olives Trees, Roman Empires and Danube routes, Iron Curtain Trail Eurovelo 13, etc)



















### Albania #AllYou Need isHere!

ITB 2023 National Representation

- UNESCO cities
- Regional and national protected areas
- >400 km coastline
- Cultural sites
- Etc



The record-breaking tourist season in 2022

- 5<sup>th</sup> ranked in SEE region
- 13<sup>th</sup> ranked in Mediterranean area
- 7.4 mil visitors 2022 +36% vs.2021
- App 3.6 billion € 2022+30% vs 2019
- 384,000 indirect 2022 and direct jobs
- 38% of exports

### Albania "full recovery" 2022 vs Challenges ahead



- Visa-free programs (2021 2022)
- Increase of nr of flights
- VAT reductions
- SMEs support with specific projects (promotion, business modelling, energy efficiency investments;
- Presence of international hospitality brands;
- Attention of the international media 2021-2022 (The Guardian, Financial times, Euronews, etc);

- Labor shortage crises in the country and the region;
- How to engage and empower the local population in the "tourism of experiences";
- Seasonality and sustainable positioning of diversified offer;
- Implementing standard of sustainability for destinations and businesses;
- Necessity to adopt to the digital transformation as people driven approach rather than technology, adopt to target audience and escpectations;
- Transport connectivity/Mobility and waste management infrastructure in tourist areas;

Government approach 2023 – 2030 (4Ps)



NEW TOURISM LAW & NEW NATIONAL STRATEGY FOR TOURISM 2023-2030 UN Agenda 2030

**Promotion** and support of traditional villages as "a new narrative" to be developed

Preservation of nature areas Supporting natural habitats and sustainable local communities



Public and Private Investment
Strategic infrastructure investments
boosting qualitative tourism
development in terms of services
and standards
(including rural areas)



# -Vjosa River - Gjirokastra Destination

Surface 6,710 sqm
Countries Albania, Greece
Length 272 km (80 km in Greece)
16% of the territory of Albania
Discharge at Adriatic Sea
10 protected areas
130 natural monuments

Rafting Biking Hiking Climbing Kayaking Wildlife Watching Off-road Jeep Cultural tours Food trails Flora sight Trails



## Q&A