



Global Sustainable Tourism Council

SUSTAINABLE RURAL TOURISM

gstcouncil.org



- Rural tourism has become increasingly popular people seek out unique experiences outside large cities.
- This has increased post Covid!
- However, tourism development can have negative impacts on the environment and local communities
- Sustainable rural tourism the way forward to balance economic benefits with environmental and social empowerment.



Issues that this panel will consider:

- How can we promote sustainable tourism practices in rural areas
- The importance of preserving rural environments and cultures along with development.
- The role of community involvement and responsible practices.



Panellists

- Pelin Rodoplu Inclusive and Sustainable Growth Portfolio Manager, UNDP
- Selda Susal Chief Corporate Communications and Affairs Officer, Anadolu Efes
- Federica Bosco Tourism Program Project Officer, Etifor
- Anna-Lena Wallin Project Leader, Destination Järvsö





A 100% eco resort delivering experiences from the Indian village

Vision in 2006: to develop a model for sustainable living



Vision - 2022: to develop a sustainable model for integrated agriculture





Vision - 2022: to develop a sustainable model for integrated agriculture

Why rural tourism?

- Farmer centric
- Farming has vagaries that make farmers economically vulnerable
- Tourism is a tool that can be an additional source of income for framers
- Demand from travellers too





Challenge: Infrastructure: Rural areas often lack the necessary infrastructure for tourism, such as proper roads, and connectivity

Farmers voice: Do we want too many people? The bad roads will ensure that only the very interested visit. Farmers want travelers who can appreciate their way of life



Challenge: Rural tourism can be highly seasonal, with demand for tourism products and services varying significantly throughout the year. This can make it difficult for businesses to maintain year-round operations.

Farmers voice: Does the rural tourism sector follow the 'seasonality' of the conventional tourism sector? Farms do not have an 'off season'



Challenge: Rural areas may have limited resources such as funds, human resources, technology, and skills, which can limit their ability to develop and promote rural tourism.

Farmers voice: Do we want rural tourism to develop into a big mass tourism sector??



Challenge: Rural tourism can have a significant impact on the environment, such as deforestation, wildlife disturbance, and trash accumulation

Farmers voice: Rural folks live in harmony with nature. These are problems with those with an urban mindset – not a rural mind set



Challenge: There is a need to balance the need for economic growth through tourism with preserving local culture and traditions.

Farmers voice: This is done best with rural tourism. Farmers live their local culture & traditions – it is already balanced



Challenge: Rural tourism faces competition from mainstream tourism, which often attracts larger numbers of tourists and can offer more developed infrastructure and amenities.

Farmers voice: Farmers don't care about this competiton!



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